

COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY

B.A. Honours 2nd Semester Examinations, 2022

POLITICAL SCIENCE

POLITICAL THEORY: CONCEPTS AND DEBATES

CORE-3 Time Allotted: 2 Hours Full Marks: 40 The figures in the margin indicate full marks. GROUP-A Answer any one question from the following $15 \times 1 = 15$ 1. Critically discuss the Idealist theory regarding the nature of the state. What is liberty? Analyse the relations between liberty and equality. 5+10 What is sovereignty? Note down the pluralist criticism of Monistic view of Sovereignty. 5+10 GROUP-B Answer any one question from the following $10 \times 1 = 10$ Discuss Barker's view of justice. Explain basic features of democratic socialism. Elucidate in brief, the nature of protective democracy. GROUP-C Write short note on any one of the following $5 \times 1 = 5$ 7. Concept of State 8. Guild Socialism Participatory democracy.

GROUP-D

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

10.	Choose the correct alternative:			
(a)	The book 'Communist Manifesto' was published in the year —			
	(i) 1842	(ii) 1848	(iii) 1948	(iv) 1850
(b)	The book "A Grammar of Politics" was written by —			
	(i) Hegel	(ii) Barker	(iii) H.J. Laski	(iv) None of them
(c) The concepts of 'positive' and 'negative' liberties are as				ciated with the name of
	(i) Laski	(ii) Locke	(iii) Isaiah Berlin	(iv) David Easton
(d)	The author of the book "Taking Rights Seriously' is —			
	(i) Ronald Dworkin (iii) Earnest Barker		(ii) Harold J. Laski	
			(iv) None of them	
(e)	he name of John Austin is associated with —			
	(i) Pluralism (iii) Monism		(ii) Guild Socialism	
			(iv) Syndicalism	
(f)	f) 'Law is the Command of the Sovereign'— The statement is made by —			
	(i) Austin	(ii) J.S. Mill	(iii) Karl Marx	(iv) Rousseau
(g)	The book 'Human Nature in Politics' was published in —			
	(i) 1907		(ii) 1908	
	(iii) 1909		(iv) none of these	
(h) The term 'polis' is derived from Greek word, which means —				
	(i) police	(ii) state	(iii) city	(iv) city state
(i)	The concepts of rights, property, liberty, equality and justice are related to			
	(i) Dictatorship	(ii) Aristocracy	(iii) Democracy	(iv) Oligarchy
(j)	The state as "Leviathan' is associated with the name of—			
	(i) Locke	(ii) Hobbes	(iii) Rousseau	(iv) Montesquieu